



INSTITUTE OF
CHEMICAL TECHNOLOGY PRAGUE

NEW INTEGRATED STRATEGY FOR QUICK ANALYSIS OF POPs AND PAHs IN FOOD

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Department of food chemistry and analysis

5th Meeting on Chemistry and Life 2011
14-16th September 2011, Brno, Czech Republic



CONFIDENCE: CONtaminants in Food and Feed: Inexpensive DEtectionN for Control of Exposure.



CONFIDENCE

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CONFIDENCE: Contaminants in food and feed: Inexpensive detection for control of exposure

Improving Food Safety in Europe: developing rapid tests for chemical contaminants in a new European research project

Safer food through rapid and cost-efficient tests for chemical contaminants in the food chain. This is the major goal of a new European research project called CONFIDENCE.

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EU flag

SEVENTH FRAMEWORK PROGRAMME

Home

Cluster 1: Organic pollutants			Cluster 2: Veterinary pharmaceuticals		Cluster 3: Heavy metals	Cluster 4: Biotoxins		
WP1a POPs	WP1b PFCs	WP1c Pesticides	WP2a Cocci-diostats	WP2b Anti-biotics	WP3 Heavy metals	WP4a Alkaloids	WP4b Marine biotox.	WP4c Myco-toxins



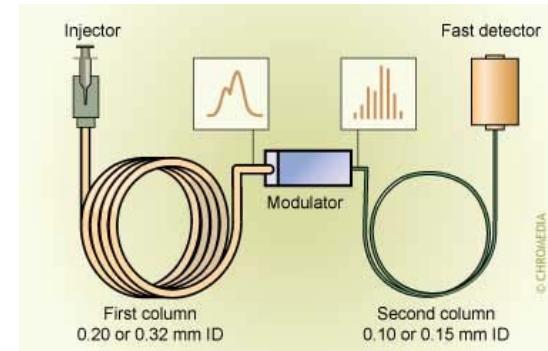
CONFfIDENCE – Project objectives

- To develop a simplified sample preparation strategy for simultaneous determination of wide range of contaminants in food and feed focused on fish and cereal based baby food.



- Implementation of a GC \times GC–TOFMS for the determination of wide range of contaminants in food and feed.

- Fasten and simplified sample preparation method.
- Decrease the consumption of chlorinated solvents.
- Decrease the financial cost of analysis.
- Obtain high chromatographic resolution and low limits of quantification (LOQ)

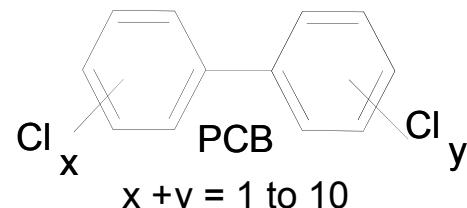
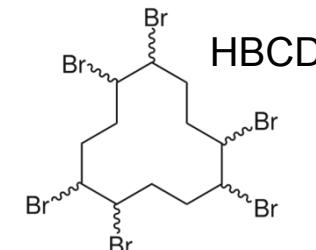
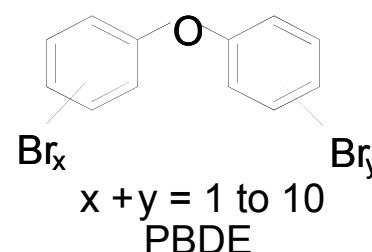


Target analytes – CONFIDENCE project



- PBDE # 28, 47, 99, 100, 153, 154, 183
- HBCD, PBB # 153

16 BFRs



- Non-ortho PCB # 77, 81, 126, 169
- Mono-ortho PCB # 105, 114, 118, 123, 156, 157, 167, 189
- Major PCB # 28, 52, 101, 138, 153, 180

18 PCBs

Benzo(c)fluorene

Benzo(k)fluoranthene

Cyklopenta(c,d)pyrene

Dibenzo(a,e)pyrene

Dibenzo(a,h)pyrene

Dibenzo(a,i)pyrene

Dibenzo(a,l)pyrene

5-Methylchrysene

Benz(a)anthracene

Benzo(a)pyrene

Benzo(b)fluoranthene

Benzo(j)fluoranthene

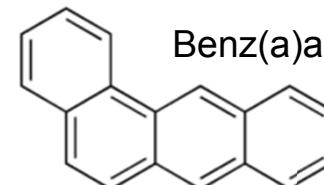
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene

Chrysene

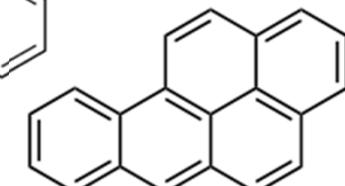
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene

Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene

15+1 EU PAHs

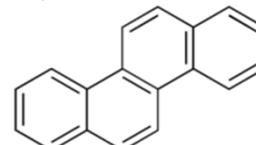


Benz(a)anthracene



Benzo(a)pyrene

Chrysene



LIMITS AND REGULATIONS



20.12.2006

EN

Official Journal of the European Union

L 364/5

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1881/2006

of 19 December 2006

setting maximum levels for certain contaminants in foodstuffs

(Text with EEA relevance)

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Stockholm Convention on persistent organic pollutants (POPs)

CONVENTION PROGRAMMES COUNTRIES SECRETARIAT PARTNERS

Convention ▶ The POPs

What are POPs?

Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs) are organic chemical substances, that is, they are combination of physical and chemical properties such that, once released into the environment:

- remain intact for exceptionally long periods of time (many years);
- become widely distributed throughout the environment as a result of natural processes;

efsa European Food Safety Authority Committed to ensuring that Europe's food is safe

The EFSA Journal (2008) 724

Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons in Food¹

Scientific Opinion of the Panel on Contaminants in the Food Chain

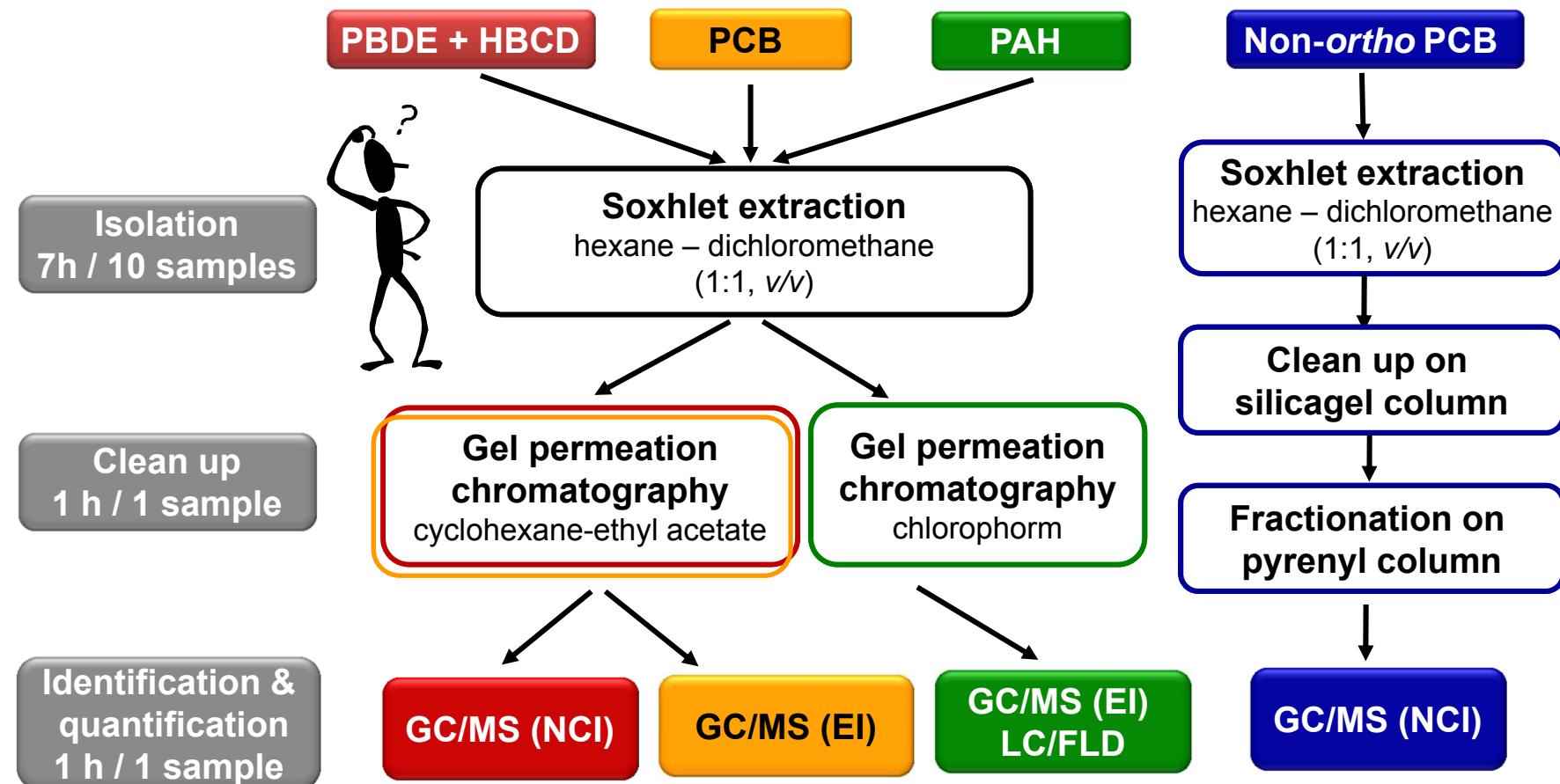
(Question N° EFSA-Q-2007-136)

Adopted on 9 June 2008

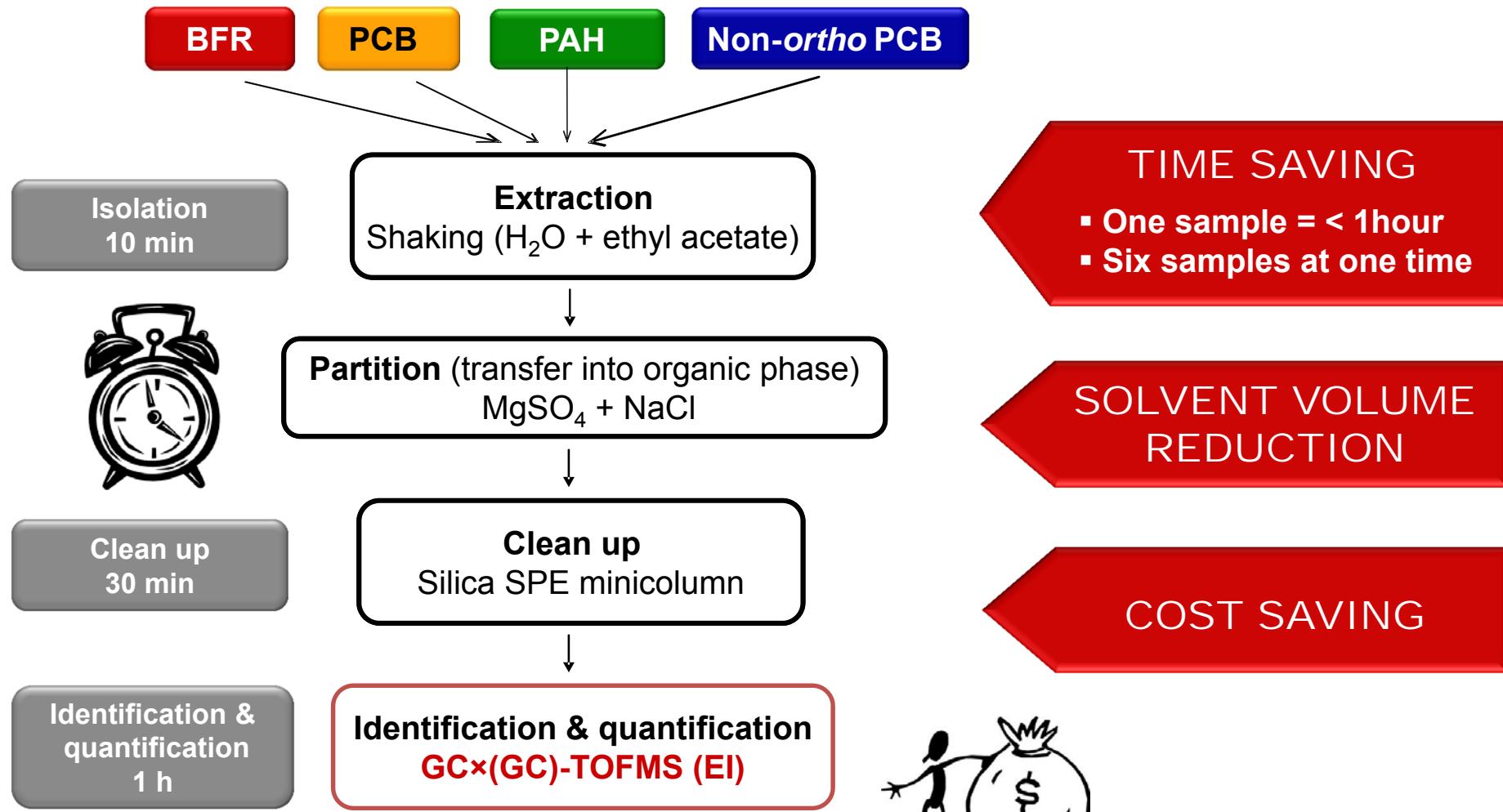
ACREDITATED SAMPLE PREPARATION



Time consuming, laborious, high consumption of chlorinated solvents....

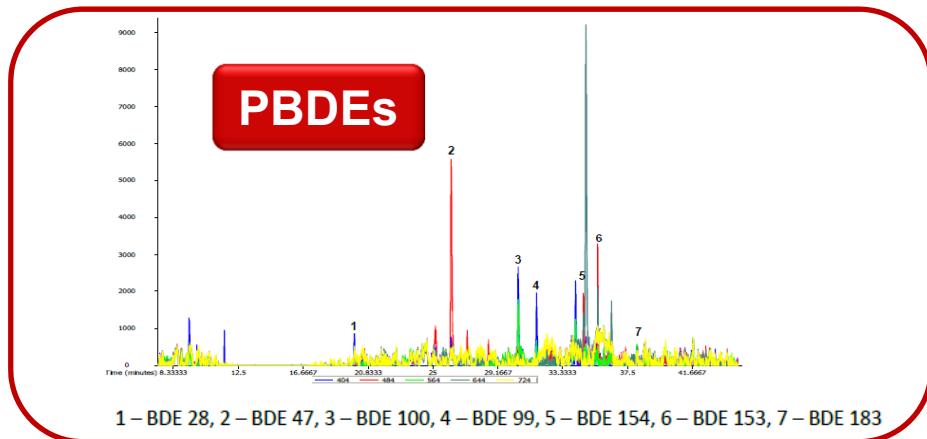
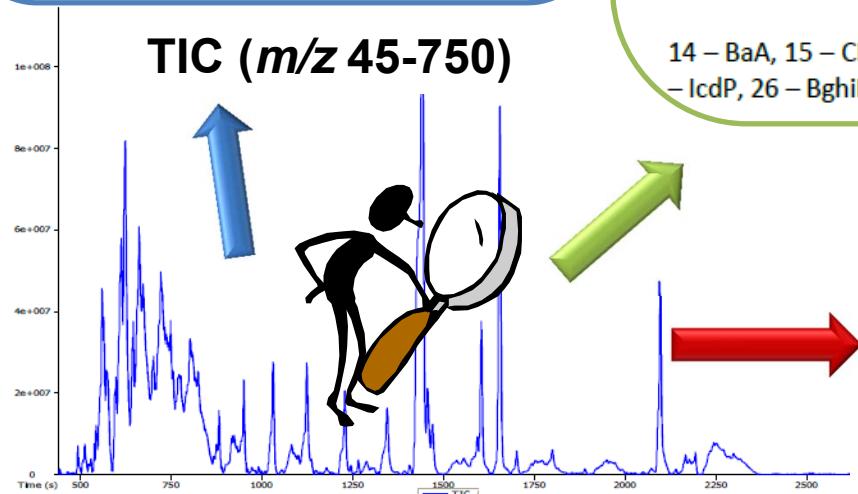
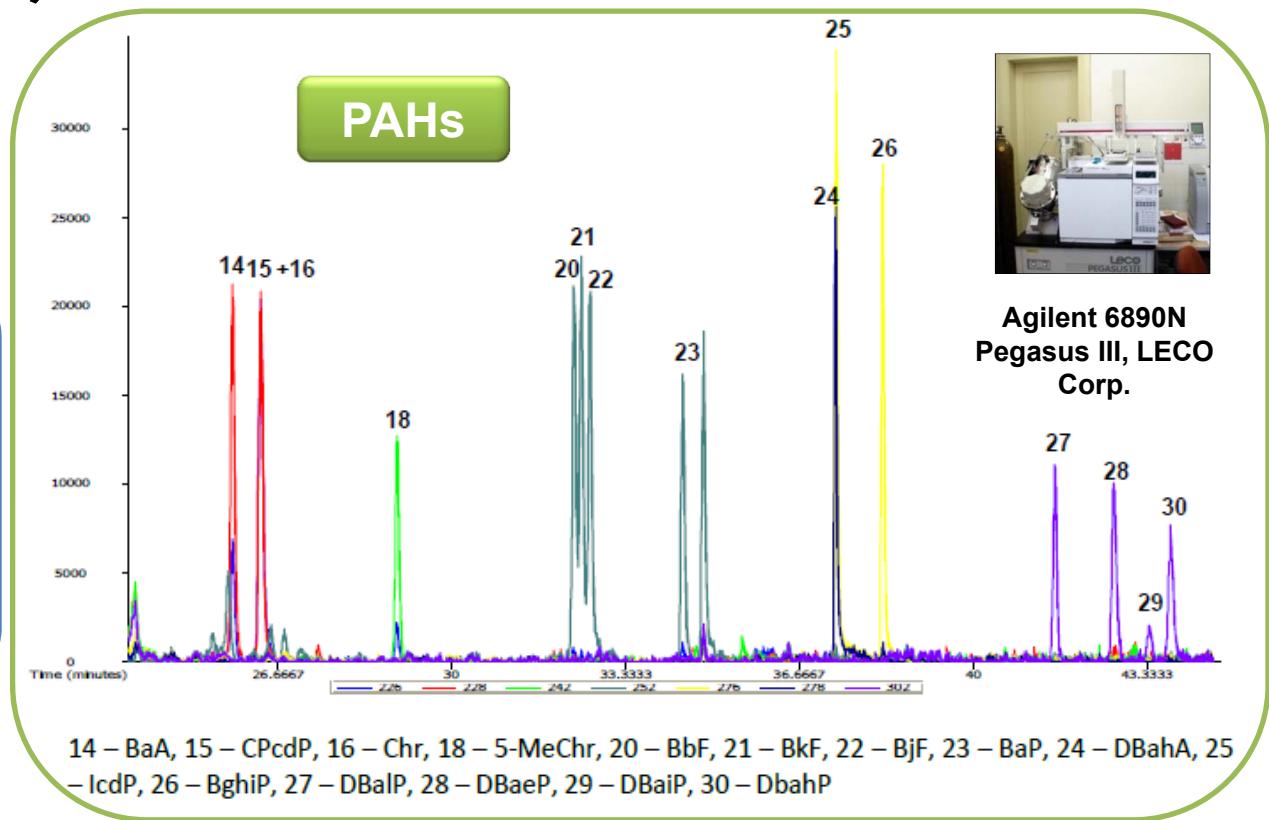
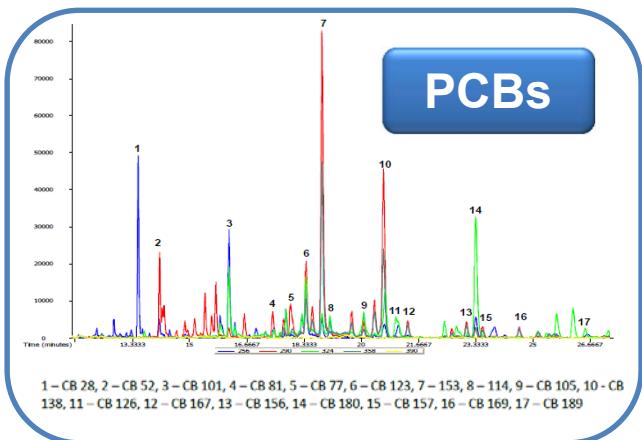


INTEGRATED SAMPLE PREPARATION

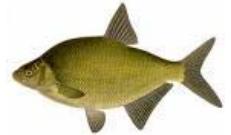


GC-TOFMS (EI) – fish muscle tissue

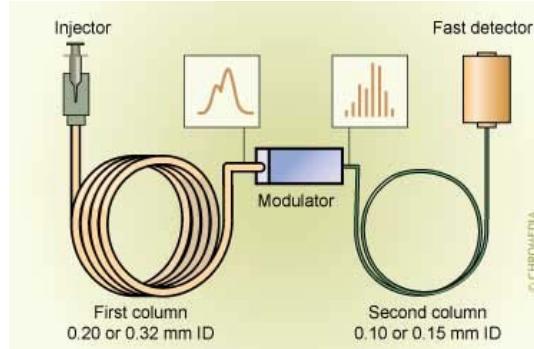
Spiked with PAHs, PCBs
and PBDEs at 1 µg/kg.
Injected equivalent of matrix
80 mg.



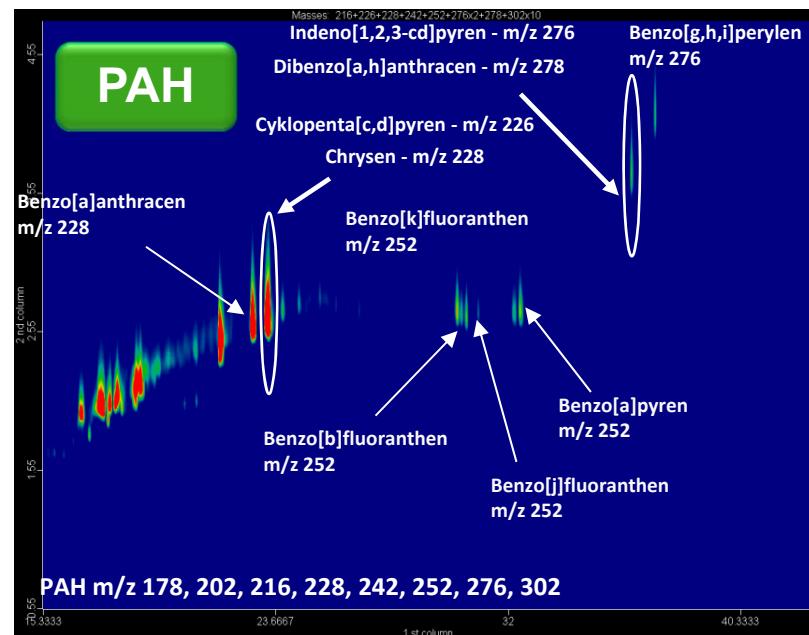
GC \times GC-TOFMS (EI) – fish muscle tissue



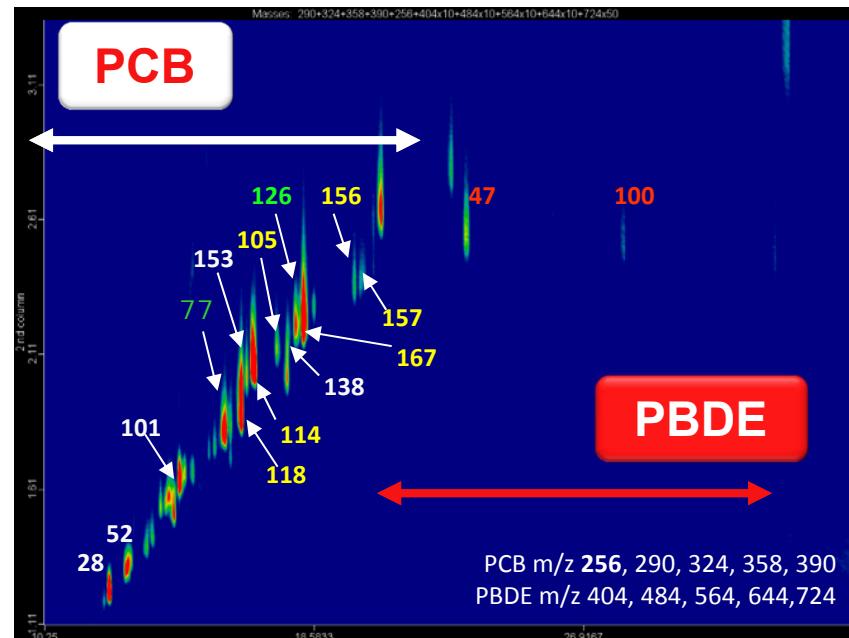
**Agilent 6890N
Pegasus III,
LECO Corp.**



**BPX 50 (30 m \times 0.25 mm \times 0.25 μm)
HT 8 (1 m \times 0.1 mm \times 0.1 μm)**



▲ Smoked trout



Yellow – mono-ortho PCB Green – non-ortho PCB
White – major PCB Red – PBDE

▲ Bream (*Abramis brama*)

Target analytes II



PBDE # 28, 47, 49, 66, 85, 99, 100, 153, 154, 183,...
HBCD, PBB # 153, PBT, PBEB, HBB, BTBPE, DBDPE

16 BFRs

Non-ortho PCB # 77, 81, 126, 169
Mono-ortho PCB # 105, 114, 118, 123, 156, 157, 167, 189
Major PCB # 28, 52, 101, 138, 153, 180

18 PCBs

Benzo(c)fluorene
Benzo(k)fluoranthene
Cyklopenta(c,d)pyrene
Dibenzo(a,e)pyrene
Dibenzo(a,h)pyrene
Dibenzo(a,i)pyrene
Dibenzo(a,l)pyrene
5-Methylchrysene

15+1 EU PAHs

Dibenzothiophene DBT

Benz(a)anthracene
Benzo(a)pyrene
Benzo(b)fluoranthene
Benzo(j)fluoranthene
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene
Chrysene
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene

Acenaphthene
Acenaphthylene
Anthracene
Fluoranthene
Fluorene
Naphthalene
Phenanthrene
Pyrene

16 US EPA PAHs

α-, β-, γ-HCH,
Hexachlorobenzene
Heptachlor
Cis-HEPO
Trans-HEPO
Cischlordan
Oxychlordan
Transchlordan
α-endosulfane

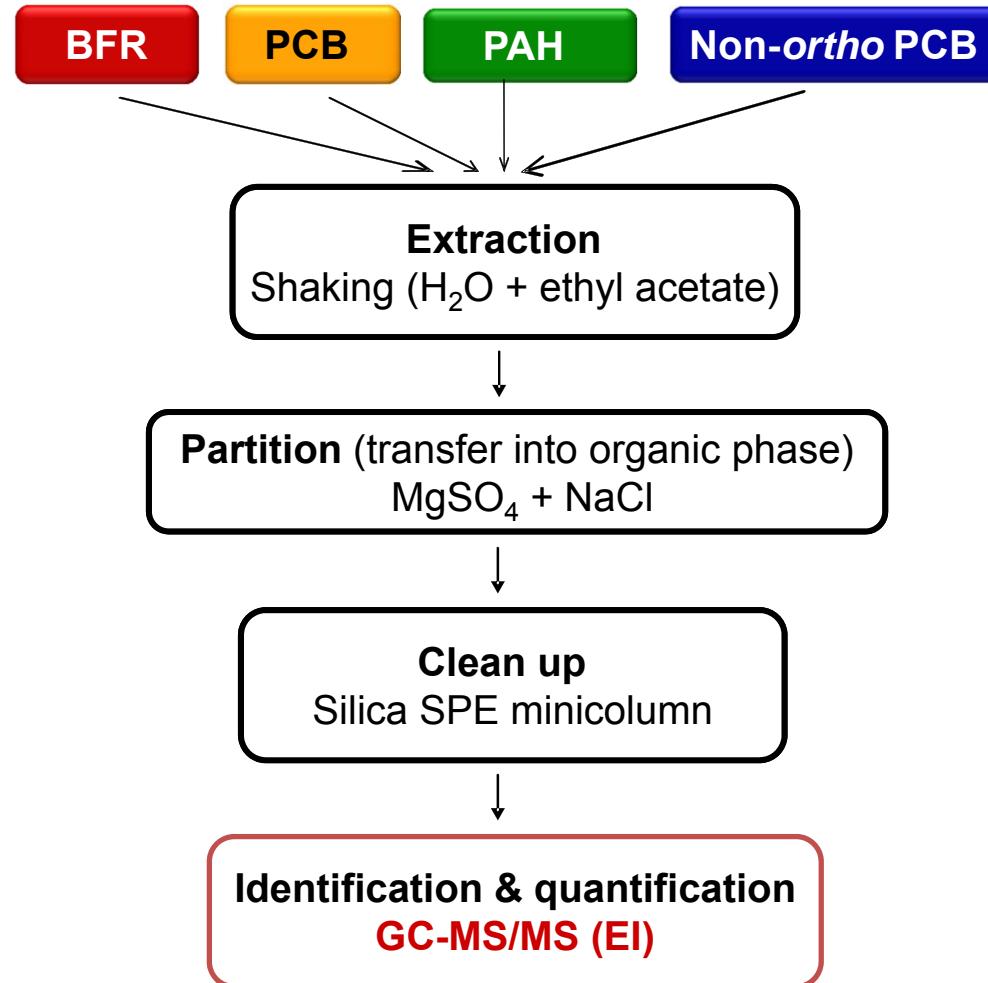
β-endosulfane
Endosulfansulfate
Aldrine
Dieldrine
Endrine
op-DDE pp-DDD
pp-DDE op-DDT
op-DDD pp-DDT

22 OCPs

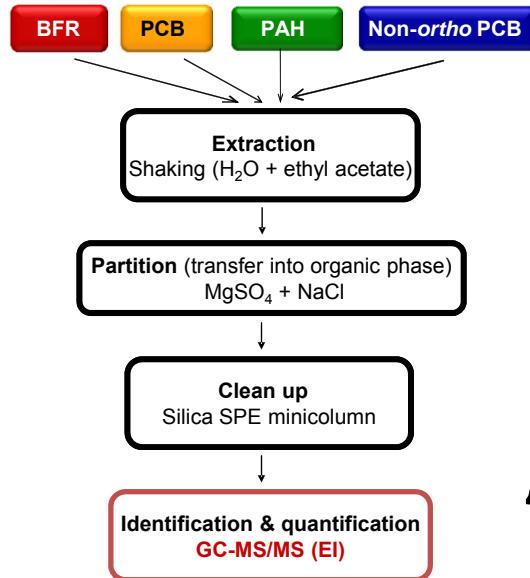
2-methylanthracene
1-methylchrysene
3-methylchrysene
5-methylchrysene
1-methylnaphthalene
2-methylnaphthalene
1-methylphenanthrene
1-methylpyrene

8 Methyl - PAHs

METHOD INNOVATION

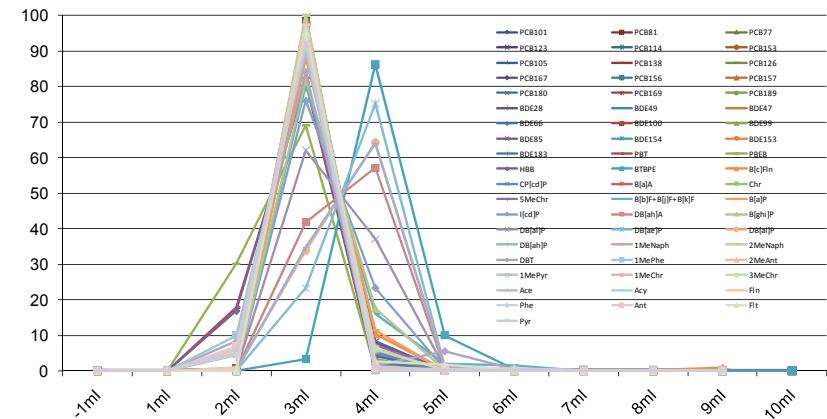
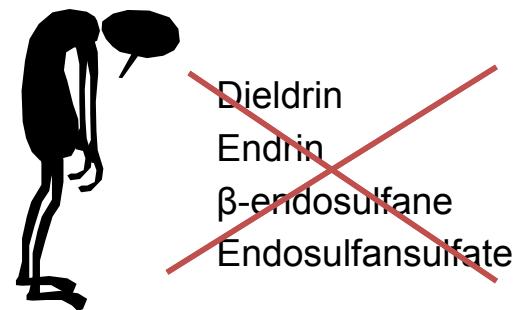


METHOD INNOVATION



■ Clean up - silica SPE minicolumn

- Elution profiles
 - Recoveries



■ GC-MS/MS (EI) method development

- Capillary column
 - Injection parameters
 - Oven temperature program
 - Ion transitions, collision energies...

Column: Rxi-17Sil-ms (30m × 0.25mm × 0.25μm)

Injection: PTV splitless (1 μ L)

Oven temperature: 80°C (2min), @30°C/min to 240°C,
@ 10°C/min to 340°C (20min)

Carrier gas: helium (1.3mL/min)

Source temperature: 250°C

Emission current: 50 μ A



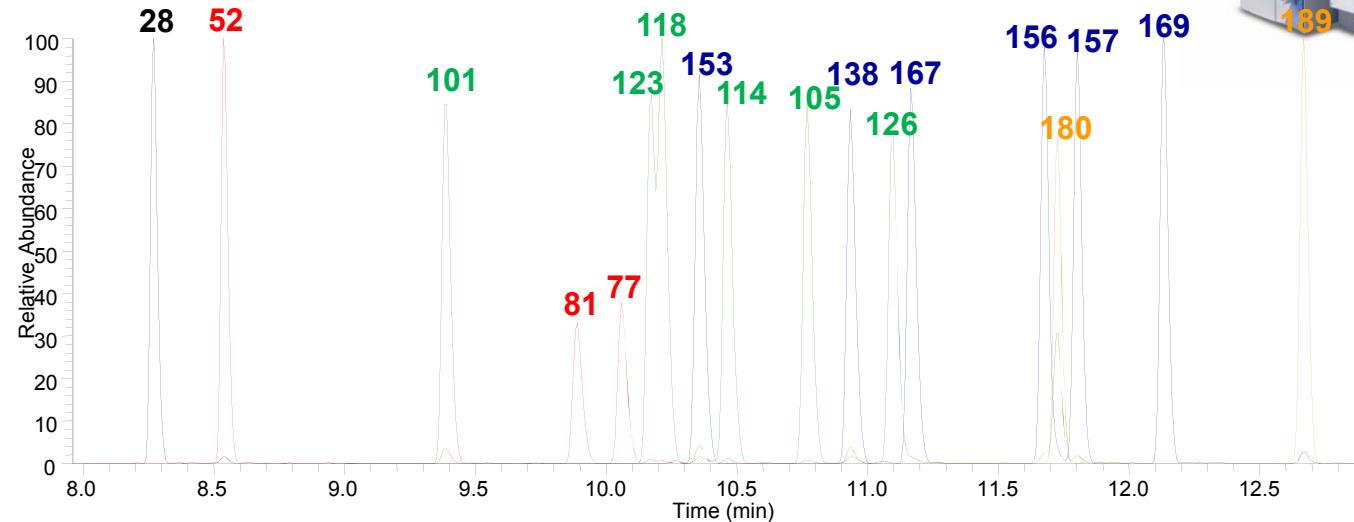
GC-MS/MS (EI) – PCBs + OCPs

Thermo Scientific TSQ Quantum XLS triple quadrupole



PCBs

SRM 255.860 > 185.901
SRM 291.900 > 221.899
SRM 323.800 > 253.901
SRM 357.840 > 287.881
SRM 391.810 > 321.839



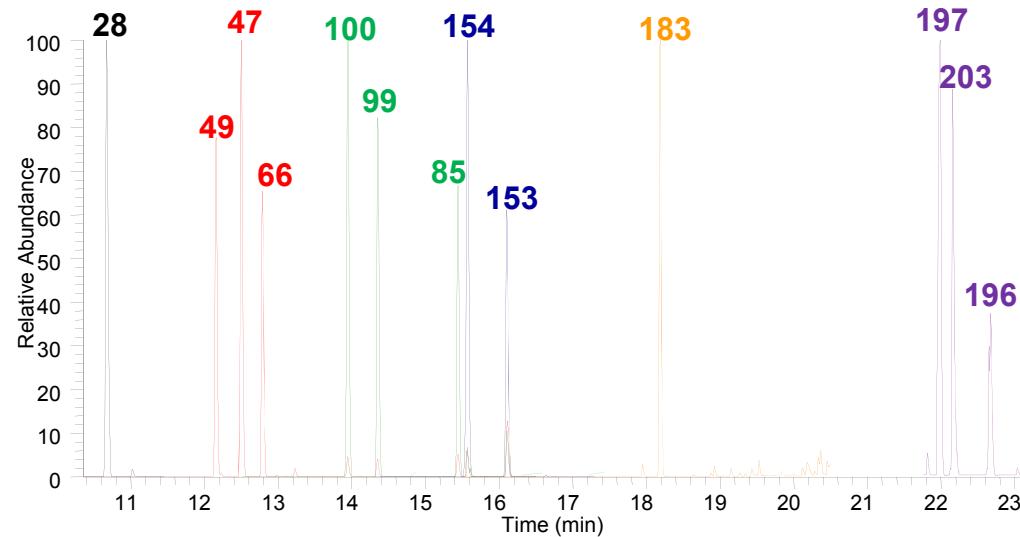
GC-MS/MS (EI) - BFRs

Thermo Scientific TSQ
Quantum XLS triple
quadrupole



PBDEs

SRM 405.800 > 245.851
SRM 483.810 > 323.810
SRM 561.780 > 401.779
SRM 641.730 > 481.729
SRM 719.740 > 559.739
SRM 803.700 > 643.699

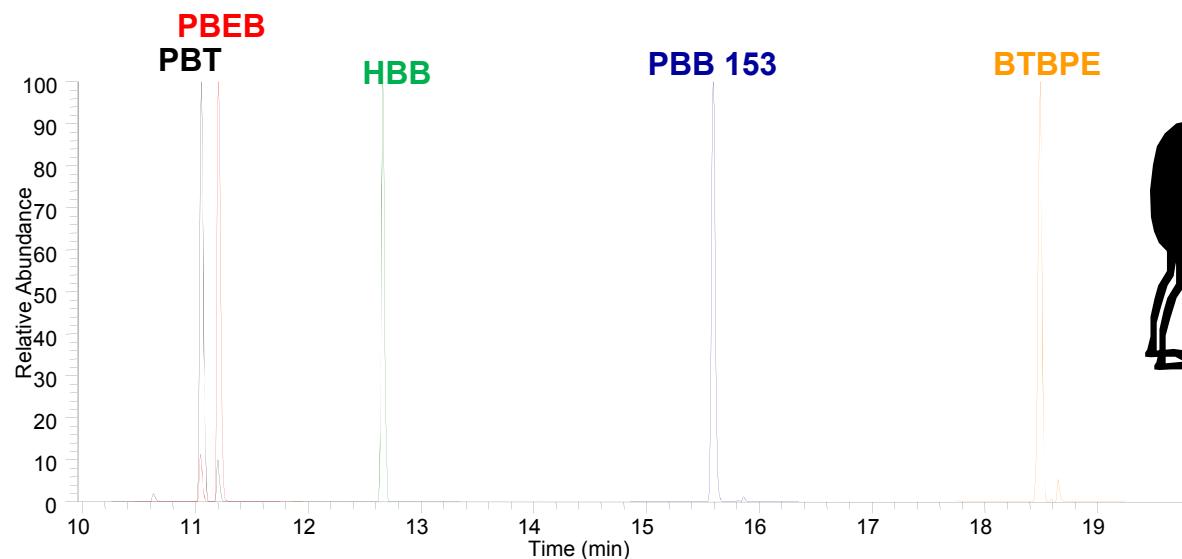


Poor sensitivity

BDE 206
BDE 207
BDE 209

Other BFRs

SRM 406.700 > 246.671
SRM 486.440 > 405.719
SRM 551.560 > 470.569
SRM 627.700 > 467.899
SRM 356.680 > 277.379

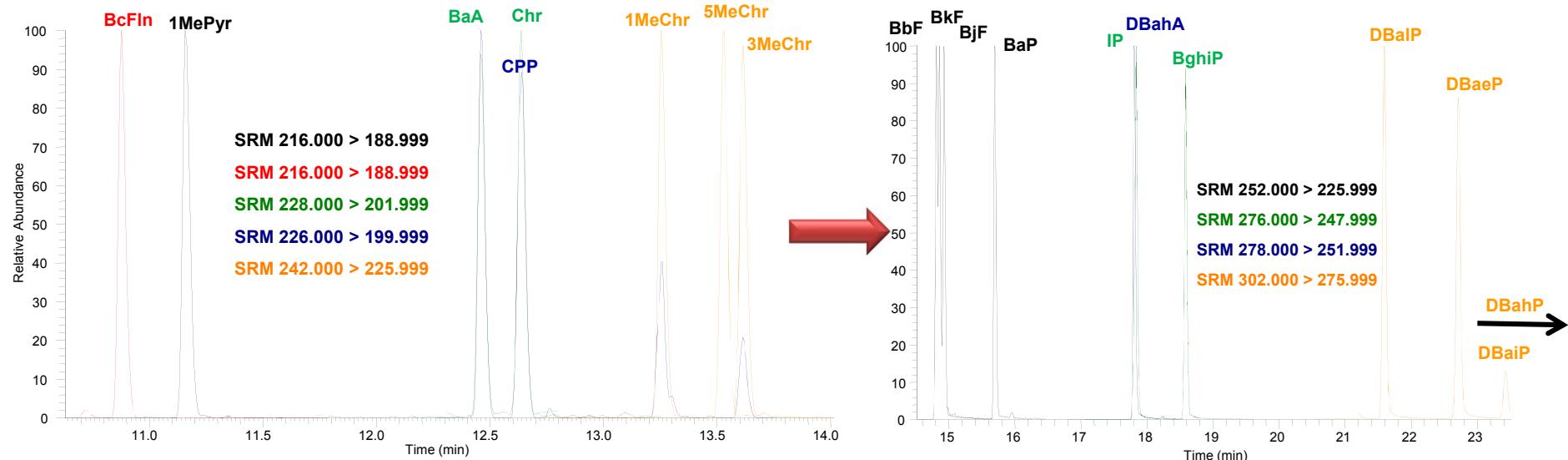
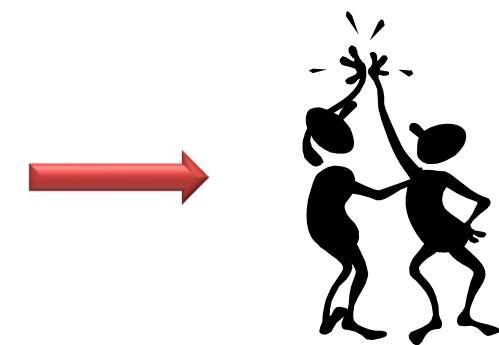
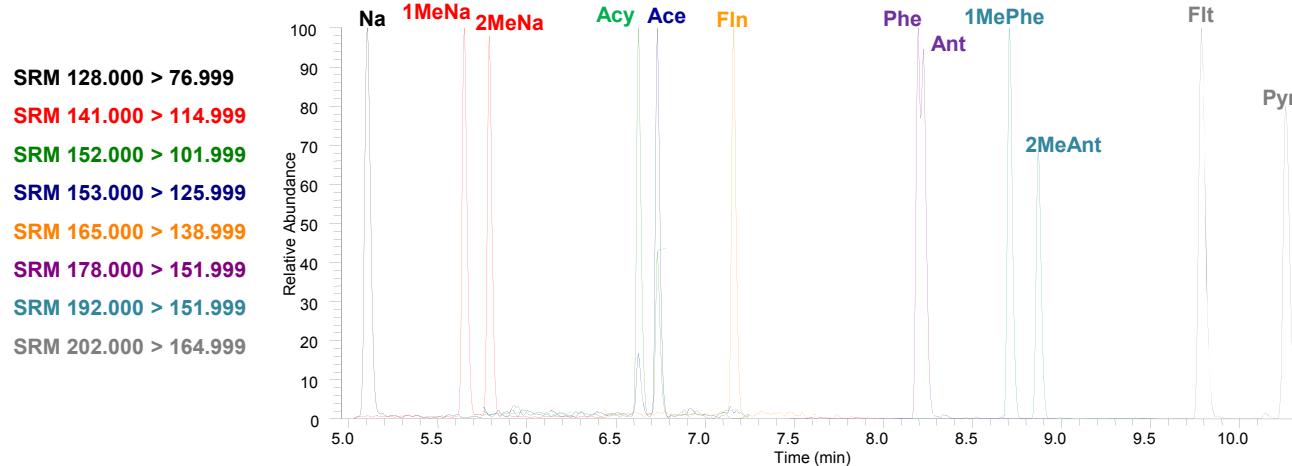


Poor sensitivity

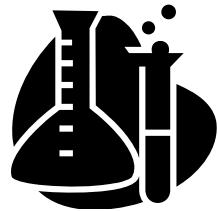
OBIND
DBDPE

GC-MS/MS (EI) - PAHs

Thermo Scientific TSQ
Quantum XLS triple
quadrupole



VALIDATION STUDY



Procedure blank

- With each batch of six samples, the procedure blank was prepared.

Recovery (%) and repeatability RSD (%)

- Fish muscle tissue spiked with all target analytes at two concentration levels (n=6).
- Level 1 and 2 = 1 and 5 µg/kg

LOQ (µg/kg), linearity (R^2), ...



Final independent control - trueness



National Institute of Standards & Technology

Certificate of Analysis

Standard Reference Material® 1947

Lake Michigan Fish Tissue

Standard Reference Material (SRM) 1947 is a frozen fish tissue homogenate, which was prepared from fish from Lake Michigan, and is intended primarily for use in evaluating analytical methods for the determination of selected trace elements, methylmercury, total mercury, polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) congeners, and chlorinated pesticides in marine bivalve mollusk tissue and similar matrices. All of the constituents for



National Institute of Standards & Technology

Certificate of Analysis

Standard Reference Material® 1974b

Organics in Mussel Tissue (*Mytilus edulis*)

Standard Reference Material (SRM) 1974b is a frozen mussel tissue homogenate intended for use in evaluating analytical methods for the determination of selected polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) congeners, and chlorinated pesticides in marine bivalve mollusk tissue and similar matrices. All of the constituents for

LIMITS OF QUANTIFICATION (LOQ)

Analytes	Desired LOQ CONFIDENCE	Achieved LOQ				
		GC-MS/MS (1µL)	GC-MS (1µL)	GC-TOFMS (1µL)	GC-TOFMS (8µL)	GCxGC- TOFMS (8µL)
B[a]P	2.0 µg/kg	0.01 µg/kg	0.05 µg/kg	1 µg/kg	0.1 µg/kg	0.01 µg/kg
Other PAH	N/A	0.005-0.5 µg/kg	0.05-0.5 µg/kg	1-10 µg/kg	0.1-0.5 µg/kg	0.01-0.1 µg/kg
$\Sigma d/-\text{PCB}$	2 ng TEQ/kg	1.1 ng TEQ/kg	56 ng TEQ/kg	559.7 ng TEQ/kg	12.9 ng TEQ/kg	1.3 TEQ/kg
PBDE	< 0.2 µg/kg	0.01-0.1 µg/kg	1-5 µg/kg	10 - >10 µg/kg	0.5-10 µg/kg	0.025-5 µg/kg



Thermo Scientific TSQ
Quantum XLS triple
quadrupole



Agilent 6890N
Agilent 5975 Inert XL MS



Agilent 6890N
Pegasus III, LECO
Corp.



CONCLUSIONS & FUTURE PLANS



- A simple, fast and cheap method for simultaneous determination of PAHs, PCBs, OCPs and BFRs has been optimized and validated.
- 6 fish muscle tissue samples can be processed within 1 hour.
- No special equipment brand/model is required for realization of the analysis.
- GC-fast TOF MS was used at first, nevertheless, other common GC-MS systems – e.g. equipped with MS/MS QqQ mass analyzers can be used for examination of sample extracts.
- No “confirmation” method is needed; analytes can be conclusively identified, as well as quantified.



Thank you for your kind attention....



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